

HTML Cheat Sheet

HTML Tags

<code><!DOCTYPE html></code>	Must be the very first thing in your HTML document, before the <code><html></code> tag. This tag is not an HTML tag. The <code><!DOCTYPE html></code> is an instruction to the web browser about which version of HTML the page is written in, in this case it is the latest HTML version 5.
<code><html></code>	Tells the browser that this is an HTML document. The <code><html></code> tag is the container for all other HTML elements (or tags) except for the <code><!DOCTYPE></code> tag.
<code><head></code>	A container for all the head elements. The <code><head></code> element can include a title for the document, scripts, styles, meta information, and more.
<code><title></code>	Required in all HTML documents and defines the title of the document. The <code><title></code> element: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• defines a title in the browser toolbar.• provides a title for the page when it is added to favourites.• displays a title for the page in search-engine results.
<code><body></code>	Defines the document's body. The <code><body></code> element contains all the contents of an HTML document, such as text, hyperlinks, images, tables, lists, etc.
<code><h1-h6></code>	Used to define headings. h1 defines the most important heading. h6 defines the least important heading.
<code><p></code>	Defines a paragraph in HTML. Browsers automatically add some space (margin) before and after each <code><p></code> element.
<code><!-- Comment here --></code>	Commenting in HTML is done by surrounding the desired comments with " <code><!--</code> " and " <code>--></code> ".
<code><i></code>	Content of the tag is displayed in italic.
<code></code>	Specifies bold text.

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<code><center></code>	Used to center-align text. Similar to that alignment function used in documents such as Microsoft word where the text is moved to the middle of the page or text box.
<code><a></code>	The name attribute specifies the name of an anchor. The name attribute is used to create a bookmark inside a document.
<code><hr></code>	Defines a thematic break in an HTML page (e.g. a shift of topic). Used to separate content (or define a change) in an HTML page.
<code><blockquote></code>	Specifies a section that is quoted from another source. Browsers usually indent <code><blockquote></code> elements.
<code></code>	Defines an image in an HTML page. The <code></code> tag has two major required attributes: <code>src</code> and <code>alt</code> ; but can also have two minor attributes; <code>width</code> and <code>height</code>
<code></code>	An unordered list starts with the <code></code> tag. Each list item starts with the <code></code> tag. The list items will be marked with bullets (small black circles) by default.
<code></code>	An ordered list starts with the <code></code> tag. Each list item starts with the <code></code> tag. The list items will be marked with numbers by default.
<code></code>	The <code></code> tag defines a list item. The <code></code> tag is used in ordered lists(<code></code>), unordered lists (<code></code>), and in menu lists (<code><menu></code>).
<code><table></code> , <code><tr></code> , <code><th></code> , <code><td></code>	An HTML table is defined with the <code><table></code> tag. <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Each table row is defined with the <code><tr></code> tag.• A table header is defined with the <code><th></code> tag.• By default, table headings are bold and centred.• A table data/cell is defined with the <code><td></code> tag.